A.1	Right to participate effectively in and vote in general shareholders meeting and should be informed of the rules, including voting procedures, that govern general shareholders meeting.		Y/ N	Reference/ Source document
A.1.1(B)	Does the company allow the use of secure electronic voting in absentia at the general meetings of shareholders?	OECD Principle II (C) (4) Shareholders should be able to vote in person or in absentia, and equal effect should be given to votes whether cast in person or in absentia.	N/A	N/A

B. Equita	B. Equitable treatment of shareholders				
B.1	Notice of AGM				
B.1.1(B)	Does the company release its notice of AGM (with detailed agendas and explanatory circulars), as announced to the Exchange, at least 28 days before the date of the meeting?	 DECD Principle II (C) Shareholders should be furnished with sufficient and timely information concerning the date, location and agenda of general meetings, as well as full and timely information regarding the issues to be decided at the meeting. Effective shareholder participation in key corporate governance decisions, such as the nomination and election of board members, should be facilitated. DECD Principle III (A) ICGN 8.3.2 Shareholder participation in governance Shareholders should have the right to participate in key corporate governance decisions, such as the right to nominate, appoint and remove directors on an individual basis and also the right to appoint external auditors. ICGN 8.4.1 Shareholder ownership rights by all shareholders should be facilitated, including giving shareholders timely and adequate notice of all matters proposed for shareholder vote. CLSA-ACGA (2010) CG Watch 2010 - Appendix 2. (I) CG rules and practices 	N/A	N/A	

C. Roles	Roles of Stakeholders						
C.1	or through mutual agreements are to be respected						
	Does the company practice integrated report on its annual reports?	International <ir> Framework - DRAFT, JIRC Council Item 3b Meeting of 5 December 2013 "Integrated Reporting <ir> promotes a more cohesive and efficient approach to corporate reporting and aims to improve the quality of information available to providers of financial capital to enable a more efficient and productive allocation of capital. The IIRC's vision is a world in which integrated thinking is embedded within mainstream business practice in the public and private sectors, facilitated by <ir> as the corporate reporting norm."</ir></ir></ir>	Y	The Company's Annual Report and the attached Audited Financial Statements contain both financial and non-financial performance indicators.			
D. Disclo	Disclosure and transparency						
D.1.1 (B)	Are the audited annual financial report /statement released within 60 days from the financial year end?	OECD Principle V (C) OECD Principle V (E) ICGN 7.2 Timely disclosure ICGN 7.3 Affirmation of financial statements The board of directors and the corporate officers of the company should affirm at least annually the accuracy of the company's financial statements or financial accounts.	N				
	Does the company disclose details of remuneration of the CEO?		Ν				
E. Respo	nsibilities of the Board						
E.1	Board Competencies and Diversity						
	Does the company have at least one female independent director/commissioner?	ICGN 2.4.1 Skills and experience The board should consist of directors with the requisite range of skills, competence, knowledge, experience and approach, as well as a diversity of perspectives, to set the context for appropriate board behaviours and to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	Y	<u>The Company has two (2) independent female directors.</u> See Annual Report (pages 10-13).			

E.2	Nominating Committee				
. ,	Does the Nominating Committee comprise entirely of independent directors/commissioners?	ICGN 2.4.4 Composition of board committees The members of these key board committees should be solely non-executive directors, and in the case of the audit and remuneration committees, solely independent directors. All members of the nominations committee should be independent from management and at least a majority should be independent from dominant owners.		The Nomination Committee is comprised of Independent Directors and Non-Executive Committees	
	Does the Nominating Committee undertake the process of identifying the quality of directors aligned with the company's strategic directions?		Y	Annual Report (page 24) Nomination & Remuneration Committee "x x x The following qualifications are necessary for existing directors, as well as, for candidates being considered for nomination as director x x x"	
E.3	Board Appointments and Re-Election				
	Does the company use professional search firms or other external sources of candidates (such as director databases set up by director or shareholder bodies) when searching for candidates to the board of directors/commissioners?	(VI.I.21) Are boards known to hire professional search	Y	Annual Report (page 24) Nomination & Remuneration Committee "x x x In the search of a candidate for directorship, the Company engages professional search firms in identifying candidates to the Board, if necessary."	

E.4	Board Structure & Composition				
E.4.1(B)	Do independent non-executive directors/commissioners			There is only one (1) executive director on the board. All the other directors are non-executive and independent directors.	
	make up more than 50% of the board of		Y	There is only one (2) excedure ancelor on the booter with an other ancelors are non-excedite and independent ancelors.	
	directors/commissioners?			See Annual Report (pages 10-13)	
E.5	Board Performance Does the company have a separate level Risk	International Financial Corporation's Global Corporate			
E.5.1(B)		Governance Forum Publication: When Do Companies			
		Need a Board-level Risk Management			
		Committee?(Volume 31, pp.11, March 2013)			
		Benefits of a Board Level Risk Committee:			
		1. elevate risk oversight to the highest level in the			
		company;			
		strengthen the quality of risk management;			
		3. inculcate a risk culture and risk-management		Annual Report (page 28)	
		environment to mitigate and manage risks effectively		Annual Report (page 28)	
		across the organization;	Y	Risk Governance	
		4. establish a platform for continuous assessment of		"x x x The CEO is supported by the Risk Officer as well as by the Executive Risk Committee (ERC). X x x"	
		risks in light of the changing internal and external environments;			
		5. improve communication among the board,			
		management, and other stakeholders about risk			
		management; and			
		6. demonstrate to internal and external stakeholders			
		the company's commitment to risk management			
L	1	1	1		